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«Travel to Auroville: where to stay, how to get around and what to do

There are over 450 guest beds in Auroville, covering a variety of different budgets and standards of guest houses and home-stays. As the whole area is very large and spread out, the best way to get around is by motorbike or bicycle. Cars are strongly discouraged from entering Auroville, so the mostly dirt roads are dominated by plenty of dogs, some ox carts loaded with hay and the occasional small tour bus. Traffic can get heavy at dusk, when herds of cows head home and everyone else seems to want to get somewhere too.

There are plenty of restaurants, as well as some communal kitchens, in the compound. In theory, conventional money is not used as currency. In reality, the Aurocard, which visitors are requested to buy, is not widely accepted and it is advisable to always carry some cash with you. The same applies to the activities on





Previous page: Matrimandir, Auroville Top: Sri Aurobindo Left: Mirra Alfassa Bottom left: Yoga school Below: Visitors volutieer with farming energy projects







offer, which include yoga, tai-chi, movement improvisation, different kinds of alternative healing sessions and courses, on-going discussion groups on the integral yoga of Sri Aurobindo and more. Especially during the visitors' season – between December and March – there are also classical Indian dance performances, movies at the Cinema Paradiso and Sadhana Forest evenings.

Some visitors come to volunteer with one of the farms, renewable energy projects or handicraft productions to get a glimpse into the everyday life of a differently structured society. All these projects, as well as private

offer, which include yoga, tai-chi, movement households, also offer plenty of employment improvisation, different kinds of alternative healing opportunities for surrounding villages.

Issues in paradise: crime, secretive budget and spiritual searching

Although the Indian government donates more than \$200,000 a year to Auroville, and UNESCO has protected the township since its beginnings, the professed utopia has a laundry list of problems, including robbery, sexual harassment, rape, suicide and even murder. Visitors, especially female ones, are generally advised not to go out alone at night.

re mundane issue is the question of who controls the money in a 'money-less' society. Auroville's official website merely depicts a vague pie chart which gives percentages but no actual numbers. Most official residents do not know where their mandatory donation for a house goes. Some living in the more fanciful and experimental dwellings have found their home advertised in random architectural magazines several months after moving in.

However, the majority of Aurovillians seem little bothered about money. They are artists, dreamers, spiritual seekers, eco-farmers and creative adventurers – most of them friendly and open-hearted, as well as lost and lonely in that particular way of those searching for something quite intangible – not even they themselves necessarily knowing exactly what it is.

A better or worse society?

Overall, Auroville has as many successes and failures to point at as most of the rest of the world, albeit possibly slightly different ones: an opaque monetary system, tangles of bureaucracy and the natural fiascos occurring when humans interact. On the other hand there are plenty of innovative projects, a great proportion of energy gained through solar panels, organic farming, spontaneous art and theatre shows, a spiritual education and – more than anything – the courage to try and turn a dream into reality. ①